

Survey Summary Report: Numbers and Types of Responses, Educational Audiologists

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Sampling and Response Rates

Probability (nonreplacement) sampling using a stratified systematic technique was used to select a sample of 500 ASHA-certified educational audiologists for the *2018 Schools Survey*. The sample was stratified by state, and data have been weighted to reflect their proportion by state within the Association. Small groups, such as audiologists who work in Wyoming and Montana, were oversampled so that sufficient numbers from these groups could be included in the sample.

An additional 4,500 ASHA-certified speech-language pathologists (SLPs) with schools as their primary employment facility were also selected. Their results are in a separate report. This report is limited to responses from individuals with a Certificate of Clinical Competence in Audiology (CCC-A) only.

An overall response rate of 48.0% was obtained for audiologists and SLPs combined (2,374 completed surveys from a net sample of 4,946 eligibles). The response rate for audiologists was **41.3%** (204 completed surveys from a net sample of 494 eligible respondents). These percentages are unweighted.



Data were weighted for all tables in the report. The "All Facility Types" column throughout the report reflects results for respondents from the two facility types as well as from the 18 respondents who were employed in special day/residential schools, seven in preschools, 11 in secondary schools, four in students' homes, 24 in administrative offices, four employed in "other" types of facilities, and respondents who did not answer the question about facility type. Therefore, the "All Facility Types" column may not be the sum of the *n*s in the other two columns.

Data are not presented for table cells with fewer than 25 respondents.

Few questions in the survey resulted in statistically significant differences; that is, it was rare that the responses from audiologists in elementary schools differed from those in combined school settings. One reason for this may be that, for an unknown number of respondents, combined settings included employment in elementary schools as one of the facilities in which they were employed.

Tests of statistical significance are presented throughout the report as appropriate. Conclusions are not presented with each question in order to keep the data tables as uncluttered as possible. However, the following conclusions can be used, depending on the result of the significance testing (see Table 1 for examples). In the first row, where the probability is less than .05 and is bolded, it is possible to discuss differences in responses by facility; in the second and third rows, that is not the case.

Table 1. Significance Tests and Conclusions			
Sample Significance Test Sample Conclusion			
Statistical significance: $\chi^2(2) = 114.9$, $\rho = .000$	Conclusion: There is adequate evidence from the data to say that the responses vary by type of facility. The <i>p</i> value is less than .05.		
Statistical significance: $\chi^2(2) = 2.3$, $p = .320$	Conclusion: There is not enough evidence from the data to say that the responses vary by type of facility. The <i>p</i> value is greater than .05.		
Too many cells (25%) have an expected count of fewer than 5.	Conclusion: Too little data are available in some categories to test whether responses vary by type of facility.		

A description of statistical terms used in the report can be found in the Appendix at the end of the report.



ASHA Services and Programs

1. In your opinion, what kind of job is the Association doing in serving its school-based members? (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A

Facility Type			
Response All Facility Types Elementary Combin			
-	(<i>n</i> ≥ 198)	(<i>n</i> ≥ 45)	(<i>n</i> ≥ 84)
	Overa	II	
Poor	4.4	10.6	1.2
Fair	33.0	42.6	34.1
Good	44.1	36.2	45.9
Excellent	3.5	0.0	7.1
Don't know, NA	15.0	10.6	11.8
		Too many cells (40%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected
	With Advo	осасу	
Poor	6.7	20.0	2.4
Fair	30.4	26.7	38.1
Good	36.9	33.3	35.7
Excellent	5.3	2.2	9.5
Don't know, NA	20.8	17.8	14.3
		Too many cells (20%) have an expected	
		count of less than 5.	
	With Continuing	g Education	
Poor	4.7	8.9	2.4
Fair	33.2	48.9	30.6
Good	38.8	22.2	43.5
Excellent	7.5	4.4	10.6
Don't know, NA	15.8	15.6	12.9
		Too many cells (30%) to count of less than 5.	nave an expected
	With Evidence-Bas		
Poor	3.2	6.5	1.2
Fair	28.1	45.7	25.9
Good	44.2	26.1	52.9
Excellent	7.4	4.3	8.2
Don't know, NA	17.0	17.4	11.8
		Too many cells (30%) h	nave an expected
		count of less than 5.	

1. (cont'd) In your opinion, what kind of job is the Association doing in serving its school-based members? (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

CCC-A

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n≥ 198)	Elementary (<i>n</i> ≥ 45)	Combination (n ≥ 84)
	With Questions About Sc	hool-Based Practice	•
Poor	6.3	6.5	4.8
Fair	33.6	47.8	32.1
Good	33.7	23.9	40.5
Excellent	3.3	0.0	4.8
Don't know, NA	23.1	21.7	17.9
		Too many cells (40%) have an expected count of less than 5.	

Workforce

2. <u>CCC-A ONLY</u>. Based on your own observations and experiences, rate the current job market for <u>audiology</u> clinical service providers in your type of employment facility and in your geographic area. (Percentages)

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 196)	Elementary (n = 44)	Combination (n = 83)
More job openings than job seekers	25.0	29.5	28.9
Job openings and job seekers in balance	32.6	31.8	36.1
Fewer job openings than job seekers	42.4	38.6	34.9
		Statistical significance: $\chi^2(2) = 0.3$, $p = .875$	

3. <u>CCC-SLP ONLY</u>. Based on your own observations and experiences, rate the current job market for <u>speech-language pathology</u> clinical service providers in your type of employment facility and in your geographic area. (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-SLP

_	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types	Elementary	Combination
More job openings than job			
seekers			
Job openings and job	See Survey Summary Report:		
seekers in balance	Numbers	s and Types of Respons	ses, SLPs
Fewer job openings than			
job seekers			

4. What are your greatest challenges as a school-based professional? Select all that apply. (Percentages) Responses were in alphabetical order on survey instrument. Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A

Facility Type			
Challenge	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (n ≥ 46)	Combination (n ≥ 85)
Budget constraints	65.7	57.4	73.3
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 3.5, p = .081$
Limited parental involvement and support	50.1	46.8	52.3
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.4, p = .589$
High workload/caseload size	49.8	48.9	61.6
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.0, p = .200$
Limited understanding of my role by others	46.3	46.8	50.6
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.2, p = .719$
Large amount of paperwork	38.0	41.3	44.7
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.1, p = .854$
Incorporating optimal service delivery models	35.6	29.8	35.3
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.4$, $p = .567$.
Limited support from the administration	33.6	27.7	36.0
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 1.0, p = .344$
Low salary	31.2	30.4	33.7
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.1, p = .846$
Inadequate work space and facilities	29.6	42.6	30.2
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.0, p = .183$
Limited time for collaboration	28.4	25.5	32.6
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.7, p = .435$
(Question 4 continues on next page.)			

- 4. (cont'd) What are your greatest challenges as a school-based professional? Select all that apply. (Percentages) Responses were in alphabetical order on survey instrument. Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:
 - ❖ CCC-A

	Facility Type		
Challenge	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (<i>n</i> ≥ 46)	Combination (<i>n</i> ≥ 85)
Travel/distance between schools	26.2	21.3	36.5
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 3.3, p = .080$
Out-of-pocket professional expenses	21.1	23.4	23.5
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.0, p = 1.0$
Personnel shortage	16.2	19.1	18.6
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.0, p = 1.0$
Lack of training to work with specific disorders or special populations	12.1	12.8	10.6
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.1, p = .777$
Legal challenges (e.g., due process)	11.8	8.7	16.5
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 1.5, p = .291$
Ethical challenges	11.5	10.6	10.6
		Too many cells (25%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected
Medicaid billing	11.0	6.4	15.3
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.3, p = .169$

Employment and Earnings

5. Which one of the following categories best describes your employment status? (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

CCC-A

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (n = 46)	Combination (n = 86)
Employed full time	87.7	91.3	88.4
Employed part time	12.3	8.7	11.6
Not currently employed (SKIP to Q 27.)	Removed from analyses		
	Too many cells (25%) have an expected count of less than 5.		



 Which one of the following best describes your principal employment situation? (Percentages)

- CCC-A
- Employed full time or part time

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 201)	Elementary School (n = 45)	Combination (n = 86)
Salaried employee, full time or part time	91.4	86.7	93.0
Contractor, full time or part time	8.6	13.3	7.0
		Too many cells (25%) he count of less than 5.	nave an expected

- 7. Although you may work in several types of facilities, select the <u>one</u> type of building that best describes where you work all or <u>most</u> of the time. For individuals who work in <u>private practice or early intervention</u>, select the type of building in which you deliver most of your services. Only one response can be accepted. (Percentages)

 Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - ❖ CCC-A
 - Employed full time or part time

Facility	n	Percentages
Special day/residential school	18	9.1
Pre-elementary (preschool)	7	3.6
Elementary school	47	23.2
Secondary school (middle school, junior high, senior high)	11	5.6
Student's home	4	1.8
Administrative office	24	11.9
Combination from the above list	86	42.5
Other; specify:	4	2.2

8. Although you may perform more than one job function, select the <u>one</u> position that best describes how you spend <u>most</u> of your time. *Only one response can be accepted.* (Percentages)

- CCC-A
- Employed full time or part time

•	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 201)	Elementary School (n = 46)	Combination (n = 85)
Clinical service provider (includes all individuals providing any direct service)	72.7	71.7	82.4
Diagnostician	9.7	10.9	7.1
Special education teacher	2.6	6.5	0.0
Consultant	9.2	8.7	7.1
Administrator/supervisor/ director	4.9	2.2	2.4
Other; specify:	1.0	0.0	1.2
		Too many cells (67%) have an expected count of less than 5.	

9. In your primary job, are you paid on an annual basis or an hourly basis? Select one response only. (Percentages)

- ❖ CCC-A
- Employed full time or part time

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 202)	Elementary School (n = 47)	Combination (n = 85)
Annual salary	89.7	91.5	88.2
Hourly rate (SKIP to Q 12.)	10.3	8.5	11.8
		Too many cells (25%) have an expected count of less than 5.	

- 10. What is your gross annual income for your primary job, before all deductions? Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - ❖ CCC-A
 - Employed full time
 - Annual salary of at least \$1

Affilial salary of at least \$1						
Response		Facility Type				
Response	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination			
	Worked 9–10 months (academic year)					
	n = 120	n = 30	n = 51			
25th percentile	\$58,000	\$51,990	\$59,214			
50th percentile (Median)	\$67,000	\$65,000	\$69,964			
75th percentile	\$83,000	\$80,000	\$87,093			
Mean	\$69,515	\$65,811	\$71,247			
Standard deviation	\$19,443	\$22,818	\$18,264			
Mode	\$60,000	\$103,000	\$60,000			
		Statistical significance:	F(1, 79) = 1.4, p = .243			
	Worked 11–12 month	s (calendar year)				
	n = 38	n = 3	<i>n</i> = 18			
25th percentile	\$68,551					
50th percentile (Median)	\$80,000					
75th percentile	\$95,000	(n < 25)	(n + 25)			
Mean	\$82,009		(n < 25)			
Standard deviation	\$16,669					
Mode	\$80,000					

11. For what period of work is this? If you work for 9–10 months but are paid over a 12-month period, select response "1." Select one response only; then SKIP to Q 14. (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

- CCC-A
- Employed full time or part time
- Annual salary of at least \$1

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 164)	Elementary School (n = 33)	Combination (n = 72)
1 – Work 9 or 10 months per year	76.6	90.9	75.0
2 – Work 11 or 12 months per year	23.4	9.1	25.0
3 – Work other period	Removed from analyses		
	Statistical significance: $\chi^2(1) = 3.6$, $p = .069$		

12. If you are paid on an <u>hourly basis</u>, what is the hourly rate you receive at your primary job? *Include your hourly rate <u>before</u> all deductions*.

- ❖ CCC-A
- ❖ Hourly salary of at least \$1
- ❖ Worked at least 1 hour per week

Posnonso	Facility Type			
Response	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination	
	26 or fewer	hours		
	n = 10	n = 2	<i>n</i> = 3	
25th percentile				
50th percentile (Median)				
75th percentile	(n + 25)	(n = 25)	(n = 25)	
Mean	(n < 25)	(n < 25)	(n < 25)	
Standard deviation				
Mode				
	More than 2	6 hours		
	n = 9	n = 2	n = 5	
25th percentile				
50th percentile (Median)				
75th percentile	(n < 25)	(n = 25)	(n = 25)	
Mean	(n < 25)	(n < 25)	(n < 25)	
Standard deviation				
Mode				

- 13. How many hours do you work per week for the hourly rate you entered in Q 12?

 Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - ❖ CCC-A

Hourly salary of at least \$1

	Facility Type			
Response	All Facility Types (n = 19)	Elementary School (n = 4)	Combination (n = 9)	
25th percentile				
50th percentile (Median)				
75th percentile	(n + 25)	(n + 25)	(n = 2F)	
Mean	(n < 25)	(n < 25)	(<i>n</i> < 25)	
Standard deviation				
Mode				

Performance Evaluation

- 14. What system or tool is used to evaluate your performance? Select all that apply.

 Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - ❖ CCC-A

Employed full time or part time

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (<i>n</i> ≥ 46)	Combination (<i>n</i> ≥ 85)
A performance evaluation system that is also used for classroom teachers	46.6	55.3	43.0
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 1.8, p = .205$
A performance evaluation system that is customized for audiologists or SLPs	26.0	29.8	24.7
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.4, p = .543$
The ASHA Performance Assessment of Contributions and Effectiveness of SLPs (PACE)	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other, specify:*	25.7	13.0	31.4
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 5.4$, $p = .021$

^{*}Includes *none* as a response.

Caseload

15. Do you provide clinical services (i.e., either diagnostics or treatment services) to students? (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

- ❖ CCC-A
- Clinical service provider
- Employed full time or part time

	Facility Type			
Response	All Facility Types (n = 143)	Elementary School (n = 32)	Combination (n = 67)	
Yes	95.6	93.8	94.0	
No (SKIP to Q 23.)	4.4	6.3	6.0	
		Too many cells (50%) have an expected count of less than 5.		

16. What is your average monthly caseload size? Count each student only once.

- CCC-A
- Clinical service provider
- Employed full time
- Response greater than 0

	Facility Type			
Response	All Facility Types (n = 98)	Elementary School (n = 25)	Combination (n = 46)	
25th percentile	40.0	40.0	45.0	
50th percentile (Median)	60.0	61.1	65.0	
75th percentile	80.0	83.6	80.0	
Mean	65.8	64.4	67.6	
Standard deviation	37.6	36.4	33.2	
Mode	50.0	100.0	0.08	
		Statistical significance: $F(1, 68) = 0.1$, $p = .710$		

- 17. Indicate how many students you serve monthly in each of the following areas.

 Students who have overlapping areas of intervention may be counted more than once.

 Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - CCC-A
 - Clinical service provider
 - Employed full time
 - Response to Q 16 (caseload size) is at least 1

	Facility Type			
Response	All Facility Types		Elementa	ry School
	Percentage who regularly serve clients with this disorder	Number served (mean)*	Percentage who regularly serve clients with this disorder	Number served (mean)*
	n = 98	n varies	n = 25	n varies
Acquired brain injury (ABI)	15.9	(n < 25)	10.9	
Auditory processing disorder (APD)	46.2	5.7	60.2	
Autism spectrum disorder (ASD)	53.0	12.8	76.0	
Childhood apraxia of speech (CAS)	14.0		21.6	
Cognitive communication disorders	21.2	(n < 25)	32.7	
Dysphagia (swallowing/ feeding)	6.4	(11 < 23)	8.5	
Fluency disorders	15.3		20.7	
Hearing loss	92.1	47.8	88.2	
Language disorders: pragmatics/social communication	31.5	26.9	41.9	(<i>n</i> < 25)
Language disorders: semantics, morphology, syntax	27.9	25.9	44.3	
Nonverbal, augmentative and alternative communication (AAC)	26.8	4.9	33.1	
Reading and writing (literacy)	15.3		17.3	
Selective mutism	3.3	(n < 25)	4.5	
Speech sound disorders	22.9	(11 < 23)	28.3	
Voice or resonance disorders	7.4		12.4	

(Question 17 continues on next page.)

^{*}Includes only audiologists who do serve these students.

17. (cont'd) Indicate how many students you serve monthly in each of the following areas. Students who have overlapping areas of intervention may be counted more than once.

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

Facility Type

- ❖ CCC-A
- Clinical service provider
- Employed full time
- Response to Q 16 (caseload size) is at least 1

Combin	ation
Percentage who regularly serve clients with this disorder	Number served (mean)*
n = 46	<i>n</i> varies
23.6	
43.6	
44.8	
8.4	(<i>n</i> < 25)
16.9	
4.6	
14.7	
91.6	60.1
21.4	
	Percentage who regularly serve clients with this disorder n = 46 23.6 43.6 44.8 8.4 16.9 4.6 14.7

17.7

22.4

16.5

4.6

15.8

4.6

(n < 25)

Language disorders: semantics,

morphology, syntax

Nonverbal, augmentative and alternative communication

Reading and writing (literacy)

Voice or resonance disorders

Speech sound disorders

(AAC)

Selective mutism

^{*}Includes only audiologists who do serve these students.

18. What is the approximate number of students in your caseload receiving the following amount of therapy <u>per week</u>?

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

- ❖ CCC-A
- Clinical service provider
- Employed full time

Response to Q 16 (caseload size) is at least 1

Response to Q 16 (caseload size) is at least 1					
Response	Facility Type				
Response	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination		
	Up to 1 hour				
	n = 36	n = 14	n = 17		
25th percentile	20.7				
50th percentile (Median)	36.0				
75th percentile	67.3	(n < 25)	(n < 25)		
Mean	42.4	(11 < 25)	(11 < 25)		
Standard deviation	27.4				
Mode	25.0				
	Between 1 and	d 5 hours			
	<i>n</i> = 11	n = 6	n = 3		
25th percentile					
50th percentile (Median)					
75th percentile		(n < 25)	(n < 25)		
Mean		(11 < 25)			
Standard deviation					
Mode					
	More than 5	hours			
	<i>n</i> = 1	<i>n</i> = 0	<i>n</i> = 1		
25th percentile					
50th percentile (Median)					
75th percentile	(n < 25)	(n = 25)	(n = 25)		
Mean		(n < 25)	(n < 25)		
Standard deviation					
Mode					

19. How many hours do you spend on each of the following activities in a typical <u>WEEK</u>? *Enter "0" if none*. (Mean hours)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

- CCC-A
- Clinical service provider
- Employed full time
- Response to Q 16 (caseload size) is at least 1
- ❖ Total number of hours for Q 19 was limited to a maximum of 52, which captured 97% of respondents

	Facility Type		
Activity	All Facility Types (n = 84)	Elementary School (n = 20)	Combination (n = 39)
MTSS/RTI activities	2.6		3.1
Diagnostic evaluations (e.g., observation, screening, scoring, analysis)	15.7		13.6
Direct intervention: classroom based/ integrated services	9.2		6.2
Direct intervention: pullout	7.9	(<i>n</i> < 25)	5.7
Collaborative consultation	5.2		5.5
Services to section 504 students	3.6		3.9
Technological support (e.g., hearing aids/Cls, AAC)	11.0		12.1
Supervision	5.4		4.6
		Tests of significance couthe available software.	uld not be run using

Note. MTSS = multi-tiered system of support; RTI = response to intervention; CI = cochlear implant; AAC = augmentative and alternative communication.

20. Under what circumstances are you required to make up missed sessions? Select all that apply. (Percentages)

- ❖ CCC-A
- Clinical service provider
- Employed full time or part time

·	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 146)	Elementary School (n ≥ 33)	Combination (<i>n</i> ≥ 69)
I am not required to make up missed sessions.	37.1	32.4	40.0
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.6, p = .521$
When the student misses a session due to assembly or classroom activity.	9.8	9.1	10.1
		Too many cells (25%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected
Any time a student misses a session for any reason.	11.7	17.6	10.0
		Too many cells (25%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected
Any time I miss a session for any reason.	27.1	24.2	29.0
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.3, p = .813$



- 21. What is your role on the multi-tiered system of support (MTSS)/response to intervention (RTI) or pre-referral team? Select all that apply. (Percentages) Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - ❖ CCC-A
 - Clinical service provider
 - Employed full time or part time

·	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 146)	Elementary School (n = 33)	Combination (<i>n</i> ≥ 69)
Conduct screenings.	38.1	51.5	36.2
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.2, p = .197$
Provide consultation as a member of the pre-referral team.	36.4	36.4	41.4
		Statistical significance: $\chi^2(1) = 0.2$, $p = .67$	
Provide direct services within general education.	20.0	39.4	17.4
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 5.8$, p = .026
Provide strategies to classroom teachers.	40.1	57.6	38.6
		Statistical significance: $\chi^2(1) = 3.3$, $p = .090$	
Not applicable; I don't participate in MTSS/ RTI or pre-referral.	38.4	24.2	38.6
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.1, p = .185$

Birth Through Five

22. Select up to three (3) of the top issues that affect your work with children 5 and under. (Percentages)

- CCC-A
- Clinical service provider

• Clinica	ai service provider	Facility Type	
Issue	All Facility Types (n =125)	Elementary School (n = 26)	Combination (<i>n</i> ≥ 60)
Changing eligibility criteria that exclude children who need services	14.8	3.8	20.0
		Too many cells (25%) if count of less than 5.	nave an expected
Inadequate reimbursement or funding for services	14.1	15.4	18.3
		Too many cells (25%) to count of less than 5.	nave an expected
Lack of qualified providers to deliver services	29.6	19.2	31.7
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 1.4, p = .301$
Lack of sufficient training or professional development for audiologists or SLPs	20.4	19.2	26.7
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.5, p = .589$
Other professionals taking primary role in communication or swallowing services	5.3	0.0	8.2
, and the second		Too many cells (50%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected
Parents who are not receptive to coaching	33.7	50.0	30.0
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 3.1, p = .091$
Serving as primary provider in areas outside my scope	3.8	11.5	3.3
		Too many cells (50%) is count of less than 5.	nave an expected
None of the above or NA	41.6	38.5	36.7
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.0, p = 1.0$

Supervision

23. Within your professional area (i.e., audiology or speech-language pathology), how qualified are you to supervise audiology or SLP assistants?

Scale: $1 = Not \text{ at all qualified} \rightarrow 5 = Very \text{ qualified}$

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

CCC-A

	Facility Type		
Activity	All Facility Types (n = 178)	Elementary School (n = 41)	Combination (n = 75)
1 – Not at all qualified	3.6	7.3	1.3
2	1.1	0.0	0.0
3	12.8	19.5	12.0
4	24.6	22.0	29.3
5 – Very qualified	58.0	51.2	57.3
		Too many cells (25%) he count of less than 5.	nave an expected

24. How many audiology or SLP assistants do you currently supervise? Put "0" if none. If "0," skip to Q 26.

- ❖ CCC-A
- Clinical service provider or diagnostician
- Employed full time or part time
- Response greater than 0

	Facility Type		
Response	All Facility Types (n = 32)	Elementary School (n = 7)	Combination (n = 16)
25th percentile	1.0		
50th percentile (Median)	1.0		
75th percentile	2.0	(n + 25)	(n + 25)
Mean	1.5	(n < 25)	(<i>n</i> < 25)
Standard deviation	0.7		
Mode	1.0		

25. How does supervision of the audiology or SLP assistant impact your caseload and workload? "Caseload" is based only on the number of students served, whereas "workload" is based on ALL required and performed activities. (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

❖ CCC-A

Clinical service provider or diagnostician

Employed full time or part time

Response to Q 24 (number of aides) is greater than 0

Activity	Facility Type		
Activity	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination
	Caselo	ad	
	n = 31	n = 7	<i>n</i> = 15
Increases my caseload	5.4		
Decreases my caseload	14.1	(n : 25)	(n < 25)
No impact on my caseload	75.7	(n < 25)	
Don't know, NA (caseload)	4.8		
	Worklo	ad	
	n = 32	n = 7	n = 16
Increases my workload	53.3		
Decreases my workload	20.8	(n < 25)	(** 05)
No impact on my workload	21.2		(n < 25)
Don't know, NA (workload)	4.7		



Ethics

26. Which of the issues below present you with significant ethical challenges? Select all that apply. (Percentages) Responses were in alphabetical order on survey instrument. Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A

Facility Type			
Challenge	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (n ≥ 46)	Combination (n ≥ 85)
Adhering to administrative and regulatory mandates	23.1	25.5	25.6
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.0, p = 1.0$
Compromising quality of services	22.9	27.7	26.7
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.0, p = 1.0$
Feeling pressured by an employer, administrator, or supervisor to provide or deny a service, report scores, etc., that would be in violation of the ASHA Code of Ethics	10.8	17.4	8.2
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.5, p = .151$
Completing Medicaid billing	9.1	6.5	9.4
		Too many cells (25%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected
Reading confidential or inappropriate information about a student posted by an audiologist or SLP on social media	4.1	0.0	5.8
		Too many cells (50%) have an expected count of less than 5.	
Supervising support personnel, CFs, etc.	2.4	0.0	1.2
		Too many cells (50%) tount of less than 5.	nave an expected
None of the above	53.2	57.4	45.9
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 1.6, \ p = .275$

Note. CF = Clinical Fellowship.

Journals

27. Which topics would you be most interested in seeing addressed more often or in more depth in the ASHA journals? (Select all that apply.)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A

Facility Type			
Topic	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (n ≥ 46)	Combination (n ≥ 85)
Hearing disorders	87.7	87.2	91.8
		Too many cells (25%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
Early identification and intervention	43.9	30.4	41.9
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 1.7, p = .259$
Autism spectrum disorder (ASD)	18.9	17.0	11.8
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.7, p = .434$
Telepractice and computer-based approaches	18.3	10.6	21.2
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.3, p = .155$
Social communication and pragmatic disorders	15.1	21.3	15.3
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.8, p = .473$
Reading and writing (literacy)	14.0	15.2	14.1
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 0.0, p = 1.0$
Cultural and linguistic diversity	12.8	17.4	8.2
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.5, p = .151$
Augmentative and alternative communication (AAC)	11.5	4.3	17.4
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 4.7$, $p = .032$
Traumatic brain injury	8.0	4.3	10.5
		Too many cells (25%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
(Question 27 continues on next page.)			

27. (cont'd) Which topics would you be most interested in seeing addressed more often or in more depth in the ASHA journals? (Select all that apply.)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A

		Facility Type	
Topic	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (<i>n</i> ≥ 46)	Combination (<i>n</i> ≥ 85)
Specific language impairment (SLI)	6.6	6.4	10.5
		Too many cells (25%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
Childhood apraxia of speech (CAS)	3.7	4.3	2.3
		Too many cells (50%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
Fluency disorders	2.2	4.3	0.0
		Too many cells (50%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
Genetic and congenital disorders	1.4	2.1	2.3
		Too many cells (50%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
Voice or resonance disorders	0.9	2.1	0.0
		Too many cells (50%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
Dysphagia (swallowing/feeding)	0.5	0.0	1.2
		Too many cells (50%) I count of less than 5.	have an expected
Dysarthria	0.0	0.0	0.0



IDEA

28. Rate the importance of each of the issues below in relation to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

Scale: $1 = Not \text{ at all important} \rightarrow 5 = Very important}$ Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A					
Response		Facility Type			
Тооролоо	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination		
American Sign Language (ASL)					
	n = 167	n = 36	n = 71		
1 – Not at all important	6.2	8.3	4.2		
2	13.2	13.9	15.5		
3	27.1	19.4	29.6		
4	17.2	25.0	16.9		
5 – Very important	36.3	33.3	33.8		
		Too many cells (20%) he count of less than 5.	nave an expected		
Connection With	the Early Hearing Detect	tion and Intervention P	rogram (EHDI)		
	n = 143	n = 33	<i>n</i> = 61		
1 – Not at all important	0.7	0.0	1.6		
2	2.6	6.1	0.0		
3	11.0	6.1	9.8		
4	12.7	18.2	13.1		
5 – Very important	73.1	69.7	75.4		
		Too many cells (60%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected		
	Early Child	lhood			
	n = 160	n = 32	n = 67		
1 – Not at all important	0.0	0.0	0.0		
2	0.9	3.1	0.0		
3	10.3	9.4	11.9		
4	18.7	28.1	14.9		
5 – Very important	70.0	59.4	73.1		
		Too many cells (38%) I count of less than 5.	nave an expected		
	Early Interv	rention			
	n = 168	n = 36	n = 69		
1 – Not at all important	0.6	0.0	1.4		
2	2.2	2.8	0.0		
3	2.8	5.6	2.9		
4	15.0	22.2	13.0		
5 – Very important	79.5	69.4	82.6		
		Too many cells (60%) recount of less than 5.			
			ontinues on next page.)		

28. (cont'd) Rate the importance of each of the issues below in relation to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

Scale: $1 = Not \ at \ all \ important \rightarrow 5 = Very \ important$ Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

* CCC	-A		
Response		Facility Type	
	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination
	Fundir	ng	
	n = 159	n = 34	n = 69
1 – Not at all important	1.7	2.9	1.4
2	3.4	8.8	0.0
3	12.5	11.8	10.1
4	16.6	20.6	15.9
5 – Very important	65.9	55.9	72.5
		Too many cells (50%) h count of less than 5.	nave an expected
	IEP Team Independen	ce/Strengthening	
	n = 158	n = 34	<i>n</i> = 66
1 – Not at all important	2.7	5.9	1.5
2	7.5	8.8	7.6
3	28.9	23.5	30.3
4	23.4	26.5	25.8
5 – Very important	37.5	35.3	34.8
		Too many cells (30%) h	nave an expected
		count of less than 5.	
Language	of Intervention for Engli	sh Language Learners	(ELLs)
	n = 147	n = 32	n = 65
1 – Not at all important	0.8	0.0	0.0
2	16.6	18.8	13.8
3	29.4	40.6	29.2
4	32.8	25.0	36.9
5 – Very important	20.4	15.6	20.0
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(3) = 2.3, p = .508$
	Paperwork Ro	eduction	
	n = 156	n = 34	n = 68
1 – Not at all important	7.0	2.9	7.4
2	17.3	17.6	14.7
3	30.2	29.4	26.5
4	15.7	26.5	16.2
5 – Very important	29.9	23.5	35.3
		Too many cells (20%) h	nave an expected
		count of less than 5.	
		(Question 28 co	ontinues on next page.)
		(11111111111111111111111111111111111111	

28. (cont'd) Rate the importance of each of the issues below in relation to the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA).

Scale: $1 = Not \text{ at all important} \rightarrow 5 = Very important$

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

CCC-A

Response	Facility Type			
	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination	
Treatment of ASD				
	n = 151	n = 34	n = 63	
1 – Not at all important	6.3	8.8	6.3	
2	6.6	11.8	6.3	
3	30.6	38.2	31.7	
4	28.2	20.6	27.0	
5 – Very important	28.2	20.6	28.6	
		Too many cells (30%) have an expected count of less than 5.		

Note. IEP = Individualized Education Program; ASD = autism spectrum disorder.

Student Loans

29. How much unpaid student debt do you have? Enter "0" if none.

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

❖ CCC-A

Student debt of at least \$1

Debt	All Facility Types (n = 32)	Elementary School (n = 8)	Combination (n = 14)
25th percentile	\$20,000		
50th percentile (Median)	\$60,819		
75th percentile	\$100,000	(n = 25)	(n = 25)
Mean	\$79,042	(n < 25)	(n < 25)
Standard deviation	\$93,968		
Mode	\$100,000		

30. Are you aware of the federal program that offers \$17,500 in loan forgiveness for math, science, and special education teachers? (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

CCC-A

Pasnansa	Facility Type						
Response	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination				
	Includes Those With \$0 Student Debt						
	n = 100	n = 22	n = 43				
Yes	37.6	18.2	37.2				
No (SKIP to Q 33.)	62.4	81.8	62.8				
		Statistical significance:	$\chi^2(1) = 2.5, p = .159$				
	Excludes Those With	\$0 Student Debt					
	n = 32	n = 8	n = 13				
Yes	51.4	(n + 25)	(n = 25)				
No (SKIP to Q 33.)	48.6	(n < 25)	(n < 25)				

31. If YES, what endorsement, classification, or certification from your state department of education makes you eligible for the program? *Select all that apply.* (Percentages) Responses were in alphabetical order on survey instrument.

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

❖ CCC-A

Responded Yes to Q. 30 (aware of program)

Endorsement	All Facility Types (n = 38)	Elementary School (n = 4)	Combination (n = 16)
Speech-language pathologist	9.9		
Special education teacher	11.9		
Special education with a speech-language endorsement	7.8	(n < 25)	(n < 25)
Speech-language teacher	4.8		
Audiologist	65.9		
Other, specify:	4.9		

- 32. Have you benefited from the federal program described in Q 30? (Percentages)
 Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - CCC-A

* Regardless of current amount of student debt

	Facility Type		
Benefit	All Facility Types (n = 133)	Elementary School (n = 26)	Combination (n = 56)
Yes	3.3	0.0	5.4
No	96.7	100.0	94.6
		Too many cells (50%) have an expected count of less than 5.	



Demographics

- 33. Which one of the following best describes where you work? (Percentages)
 Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - CCC-A

Employed full time or part time

·	Facility Type		
Area	All Facility Types (n = 196)	Elementary School (n = 44)	Combination (n = 82)
City/urban area	44.3	45.5	39.0
Suburban area	36.0	31.8	36.6
Rural area	19.6	22.7	24.4
Not employed (SKIP to Q 35.)			
		Statistical significance: $\chi^2(2) = 0.5$, $p = .776$	

34. In what state is your primary employment FACILITY located? Use standard post office two-letter code (e.g., ID for Idaho).

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

CCC-A

Employed full time or part time

Employed full time or part time					
State	n	State	n	State	n
Alabama (AL)	2	Kentucky (KY)	0	North Dakota (ND)	1
Alaska (AK)	2	Louisiana (LA)	4	Ohio (OH)	8
Arizona (AZ)	4	Maine (ME)	0	Oklahoma (OK)	0
Arkansas (AR)	0	Maryland (MD)	7	Oregon (OR)	2
California (CA)	14	Massachusetts (MA)	4	Pennsylvania (PA)	6
Colorado (CO)	12	Michigan (MI)	7	Rhode Island (RI)	0
Connecticut (CT)	4	Minnesota (MN)	8	South Carolina (SC)	2
Delaware (DE)	0	Mississippi (MS)	3	South Dakota (SD)	1
District of Columbia (DC)	2	Missouri (MO)	4	Tennessee (TN)	4
Florida (FL)	10	Montana (MT)	0	Texas (TX)	11
Georgia (GA)	6	Nebraska (NE)	2	Utah (UT)	4
Hawaii (HI)	0	Nevada (NV)	1	Vermont (VT)	0
Idaho (ID)	2	New Hampshire (NH)	0	Virginia (VA)	4
Illinois (IL)	6	New Jersey (NJ)	3	Washington (WA)	8
Indiana (IN)	2	New Mexico (NM)	4	West Virginia (WV)	2
Iowa (IA)	5	New York (NY)	15	Wisconsin (WI)	6
Kansas (KS)	5	North Carolina (NC)	7	Wyoming (WY)	1
				Total	204
(Question 24 continues on payt page)					

(Question 34 continues on next page.)

34. (cont'd) In what state is your primary employment FACILITY located? *Use standard post office two-letter code (e.g., ID for Idaho).*

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:

❖ CCC-A

Employed full time or part time

	Facility Type		
Region/Division	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (n ≥ 45)	Combination (<i>n</i> ≥ 85)
Northeast	15.7	17.0	16.5
Middle Atlantic	11.5	15.6	12.8
New England	4.3	2.2	3.5
Midwest	26.7	25.5	30.6
East North Central	14.3	6.7	18.6
West North Central	12.4	17.8	11.6
South	31.8	29.8	28.2
East South Central	4.4	4.4	3.5
South Atlantic	19.4	20.0	17.4
West South Central	8.0	4.4	7.0
West	25.8	27.7	24.7
Mountain	13.3	17.8	12.8
Pacific	12.5	11.1	12.8
		Statistical significance: FOR 4 REGIONS: $\chi^2(3) = 0.4$, $p = .940$ FOR 9 DIVISIONS: Too many cells (28%) have an expected count of less than 5.	



35. Identify the degrees you have earned. Count only actual degrees—not equivalencies or certificates—and do not include degrees expected but not yet conferred. Select all that apply. (Percentages)

Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A

	Facility Type		
Degree	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (n = 47)	Combination (n = 86)
Master's	68.7	61.7	76.7
AuD	54.0	55.3	51.2
SLPD or CScD	0.0	0.0	0.0
PhD	1.0	0.0	1.2
Other doctorate	0.6	0.0	1.2
	Highest Do	egree	
Master's	44.4	44.7	46.5
Doctorate	55.6	55.3	53.5
	Statistical significance: $\chi^2(1) = 0.0$, $p = .858$		

Note. AuD = doctor of audiology; SLPD = doctor of speech-language pathology; CScD = doctor of communication science; PhD = doctor of philosophy.



- 36. How many years (a) have you been employed in the audiology or speech-language pathology profession, and (b) how many of those years were in schools? Round to the nearest full year. Enter "0" if you have never been employed in the professions.

 Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criteria:
 - ❖ CCC-A

Response greater than 0

Voore		Facility Type				
Years	All Facility Types	Elementary School	Combination			
	(a) Total Years in the Professions					
	(n = 201) $(n = 47)$ $(n = 84)$					
25th percentile	16.0	13.0	17.6			
50th percentile (Median)	25.0	21.2	25.7			
75th percentile	33.0	28.0	33.7			
Mean	24.0	20.9	25.0			
Standard deviation	10.8	9.1	10.5			
Mode	25.0	25.0	33.0			
		Statistical significance: $p = .027$	F(1, 128) = 5.0,			
	(b) Total Years in	the Schools				
	(n = 196)	(n = 42)	(n = 85)			
25th percentile	7.0	7.0	7.4			
50th percentile (Median)	18.1	18.0	17.3			
75th percentile	24.5	22.0	24.0			
Mean	17.3	15.5	17.2			
Standard deviation	10.4	8.9	10.2			
Mode	20.0	22.0	4.0			
		Statistical significance: $F(1, 124) = 0.8$, $p = .363$				

37. In what year were you born? (*Note: Data were converted to age.*)

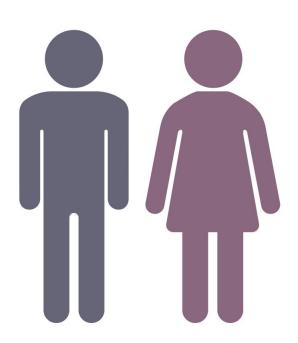
Analyses limited to respondents who met the following criterion:

❖ CCC-A

Age	All Facility Types (n = 202)	Elementary School (n = 47)	Combination (n = 84)
25th percentile	43.0	41.0	44.0
50th percentile (Median)	52.0	50.5	52.6
75th percentile	58.0	55.0	60.0
Mean	50.7	48.6	51.5
Standard deviation	10.1	9.3	9.8
Mode	58.0	53.0	58.0
		Statistical significance: $p = .104$	F(1, 128) = 2.7,

38.	Are you(Per	centages)
	Analyses	limited to respondents who met the following criterion:
	*	CCC-A

	Facility Type			
Sex	All Facility Types (n = 204)	Elementary School (n = 47)	Combination (n = 85)	
Female	93.1	95.7	91.8	
Male	6.9	4.3	8.2	
		Too many cells (25%) have an expected count of less than 5.		



Appendix

Summary Report Statistics

Statistics used in this summary report include the following notations and descriptions:

Notation	Description
Response rate	The percentage of individuals who were included in the sample, minus any who were ineligible $RR = \underbrace{-(C+P)}_{S-(Ret+I)}$
	Where RR = Response rate C = Number of completed surveys P = Number of partial surveys S = Sample size Ret = Ineligible because of retirement I = Ineligible for other reasons (e.g., does not work in schools, no longer in the field, on leave of absence)
	$RR = \frac{204}{500 - (0 + 6)} = 41.3\%$
n	The number in the sample. In this report, the number of people who answered a particular question.
Mean	A measure of central tendency; an average. Add the total of all the values and divide by the number of items. Example: (1 + 1 + 7 + 34 + 88) / 5 = 26.2
Standard deviation	A statistic that shows the spread of scores in a distribution. Used with means. The larger the standard deviation, the more widely the scores are spread out around the mean. ¹ About 68% of the measurement is between 1 standard deviation greater than and 1 standard deviation smaller than the mean; 95% are plus/minus 2
	standard deviations. Example: (1 + 1 + 7 + 34 + 88) Standard deviation = 37.1 Therefore, 68% of the responses are between -10.9 and 63.3
Median	A measure of central tendency. Arrange the values in order, from lowest to highest. Select the value in the middle position.
	Example: 1, 1, 7, 34, 88 Median = 7
	Appendix table continues on next page.

Notation	Description
Mode	A measure of central tendency; an average. The value that occurs more frequently than any other value. Example: 1, 1, 7, 34, 88 Mode = 1
Statistical significance	Describes whether a value is larger or smaller than would be expected by chance alone. Note that a large sample size can lead to results that are "statistically significant" even though the results themselves may not have substantive or practical significance. This is particularly true for chi-square (χ^2) tests. ¹
Chi-square (χ^2)	A test used to assess the statistical significance of a finding where the variables being assessed are nominal (e.g., annual salary and hourly salary) or ordinal (e.g., excellent, good, fair, and poor). It measures whether there are statistically significant differences between the observed frequencies and the expected frequencies of two variables. The larger the observed frequency is in comparison with the expected frequency, the larger the χ^2 statistic and the more likely the difference is statistically significant. When the sample size is large, large χ^2 values (that is, ones that that are statistically significant) can be obtained even for weak associations. ¹
Cramer's V	A measure of the <u>strength</u> of the association, used with χ^2 statistics to identify the meaningfulness of a relationship. The χ^2 value may be large with a small probability ($p < .05$) of having occurred by chance. That is, it is "statistically significant at the .05 level." Cramer's V is a measure of how strong (practically important) the relationship is between the variables. The larger the Cramer's V , the stronger the association.
ANOVA (F)	F is the statistic computed when conducting an analysis of variance (ANOVA). Analysis of variance measures the differences between means on two or more variables. It is used when independent variables are categorical and a dependent variable is continuous. ¹
p	Probability. Found in expressions such as $p = .003$ meaning "The probability that this result could have been produced by chance is 1 in 3/1000ths. The smaller the number, the less likely that the result was due to chance. The p value is the actual probability associated with an obtained statistical result, such as χ^2 or F .1
df	Degrees of freedom. The number of values that are free to vary when computing a statistic. Used in interpreting both a χ^2 and an F ratio. It is calculated in a cross-tabulation as $(R-1)$ $(C-1)$ or (the number of rows minus 1) times (the number of columns minus 1). In a 3 × 4 table, df would be 6.

¹ Vogt, W. P. (1993). *Dictionary of statistics and methodology*. Newbury Park, CA: Sage.

9/19/18