Isodicentric(15) or inverted duplication(15), known as idic(15), is a rare chromosomal disorder of genetic origin that occurs when an additional copy of chromosome 15 is created. Typical of a child with idic(15) are subtle physical dysmorphisms, motor retardation, developmental delay and speech and language delay. Little has been written in the literature, however, about the specific manifestations of speech and language delay in idic(15). Educational profiles of children with idic(15) are needed to provide direction in these areas. A case presentation of a preschooler with idic(15) is offered here as an example of a potential protocol. Speech, language and developmental characteristics are described. Implications and suggestions for future research are offered that would enhance understanding of speech and language in idic(15).
Selected References


*For a complete list of references please contact Lisa Durstin-Madigan at speechteech@earthlink.net.*