

## Communication Sciences and Disorders (CSD) Education Survey National Aggregate Data Report

2022–2023 Academic Year

A joint publication of the Council of Academic Programs in Communication Sciences and Disorders (CAPCSD) and the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA)

#### Introduction

The Communication Sciences and Disorders (CSD) Education Survey National Aggregate Data Report is jointly published by the Council of Academic Programs in Communication Sciences and Disorders (CAPCSD) and the American Speech-Language-Hearing Association (ASHA). It is the authoritative data source for information about CSD undergraduate and graduate education. The report provides information on applications, admissions, enrollment, graduation, and first employment as well as other data about undergraduate through research doctoral (PhD) education to inform the pipeline of the CSD discipline. Much of the data are also published on individual institution profiles in EdFind, ASHA's online searchable directory. Trend data are available at <a href="https://www.asha.org/Academic/HES/CSD-Education-Survey-Data-Reports/">https://www.asha.org/Academic/HES/CSD-Education-Survey-Data-Reports/</a>.

#### **Data and Methods**

The data contained in the national aggregate data tables were collected between August 1, 2023, and November 6, 2023, via the *CSD Education Survey*, which was electronically distributed to 358 higher education institutions with undergraduate and graduate CSD degree programs. Data were collected for academic year (AY) Fall 2022 through Summer 2023 for the 50 U.S. states, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Data in the tables are based on the actual numbers provided by academic institutions that completed and submitted the survey; no statistical extrapolation was conducted.

The academic program directors or chairs were asked to indicate the CSD degree programs available at their respective institutions first. The survey system then assigned sections and questions to the institution's survey on the basis of the degree programs offered. Program directors and chairs were given the option to authorize access to faculty or staff to assist in completing the survey.

The survey contained eight sections with questions in various formats, including yes/no, single- or multiselection, data tables, and open-text responses. Questions were to be completed for each relevant degree program offered at an institution. An institution with multiple degree programs would, therefore, answer the select questions applicable to each degree program.

#### **Response Rate**

A total of 358 academic institutions received the *2023 CSD Education Survey*, and 323 of those institutions completed and submitted data—representing a 90% response rate. Academic programs were contacted via email during the open period to encourage participation.

Among the institutions that completed the 2023 CSD Education Survey, data were provided by the following:

- Undergraduate programs with a major in the field of CSD—89% (249 of 279)
- Clinical entry-level master's programs in speech-language pathology—92% (286 of 311)
- Clinical entry-level doctoral programs in audiology—96% (77 of 80)
- Post-entry-level clinical doctoral programs in audiology-100% (1 of 1)
- Post-entry-level clinical doctoral programs in speech-language pathology—89% (8 of 9)
- Research doctoral programs in audiology, speech-language pathology, and/or speech, language, and hearing sciences—96% (77 of 80)

## **Content of National Aggregate Data Report**

#### **Degree Program**

Data were collected for undergraduate, master's, entry-level clinical doctoral (e.g., AuD), post–entry-level clinical doctoral (e.g., SLPD), and research doctoral (e.g., PhD) degree programs in CSD. The number of programs was determined through information provided by program directors or chairs in the program selection portion of the electronic survey. A search of ASHA's database and institutional websites was conducted for institutions that did not submit the survey to determine the number and types of degree programs offered at each institution. Research doctoral degree programs may reflect multiple areas of study (e.g., audiology, speech-language pathology, and/or speech, language, and hearing sciences) at one institution.

#### Gender, Race and Ethnicity, International Status, and Language Use

Respondents were asked to supply data on students' (a) gender, (b) race and ethnicity, (c) international status, and (d) language use. The number of programs responding may be fewer than in other tables, as some institutions indicated that they are prohibited from collecting or releasing such data.

Data tables allowed programs to indicate grand totals when a breakdown by these four categories was not available. Data tables also allowed programs to indicate a total for *unknown* as part of the breakdown by student gender, student race and ethnicity, student international status, and student language use.

International status was defined as the status of students who applied from outside the United States and who have been issued an F1, M1, or J1 visa by the U.S. government. *Bilingual/multilingual* was defined as having an intermediate level of proficiency or higher in at least one language other than English, with *intermediate level* defined as the ability to communicate in a conversation effectively and independently.

#### Applications

Respondents were asked to provide data on the total number of applications received. The number of applications reported by area of study and degree type does not reflect a 1:1 correspondence with the number of students applying to graduate programs. Data on the average number of applications submitted by individual students are not available from the *CSD Education Survey*.

#### Admissions

Respondents were asked to provide information about academic program capacity for admissions. Some variability across capacity for new admissions occurs according to an academic program's known resources for a given year. In some cases, academic programs are able to enroll a larger number of students than anticipated; hence, capacity may exceed 100%.

#### Enrollment

The survey asked respondents to provide data on first-year enrollment, total enrollment, enrollment of students with a documented disability, and factors impacting enrollment. Students reflected in first-year enrollments represent a cohort of students different from those reflected in the applications and admissions data for the same academic year.

#### Graduation

Respondents were asked to provide data on the number of degrees granted. Data collected for research doctoral degrees that were granted differed from data collected for undergraduate degrees, entry-level degrees, and post–entry-level clinical doctorates, as the former required the respondent to indicate number of degrees granted by primary area of specialty. Similarly, data collected on time-to-degree varied between research doctoral degree programs, master's degree programs, and clinical doctoral degree programs.

#### Employment

Respondents with research doctoral degree programs were asked to include information about first employment post-graduation for research doctoral graduates. Employment totals may not equal data totals on number of degrees granted.

#### **Clinical Practicum**

Respondents with entry-level degree programs were asked to provide the average number of clinical hours that graduates obtained at "on-campus" sites and the average number of clinical hours that they obtained at "off-campus" sites.

#### **Time-to-Degree**

Academic programs with entry-level, post-entry-level clinical doctoral, and research doctoral degree programs were asked to provide average time-to-degree. For entry-level degree programs and post-entry-level clinical doctoral programs, the question was posed based on average number of quarter or semester hours required to complete the degree. For research doctoral degree programs, respondents were asked to indicate the number of graduates who completed the degree within certain timeframes measured in 3-year increments.

#### **Administrative Location**

Respondents were asked to indicate where the academic degree program was administratively housed within the institution in accordance with the most common locations:

- a. Allied Health, Health Sciences, Health Professions, Public Health
- b. Arts, Sciences, Humanities, Liberal and Fine Arts, Social and Behavioral Sciences
- c. Audiology, Speech-Language Pathology, Communication Disorders
- d. Communications
- e. Education
- f. Medicine
- g. Professional Programs/Studies
- h. Other School/College Types

#### Faculty

Data were collected to gauge faculty recruitment and retention. Numbers in the same row or column may not add up to the totals reported, as some institutions provided information in total only and not by area of study and academic year.

#### **Postdoctoral Appointments**

The number of postdoctoral appointments available and the number of postdoctoral appointments filled were reported for the most recently completed academic year.

#### **Grants and Contracts**

Data not available for the current reporting year.

#### **Cautions and Limitations of the Data**

Academic programs were encouraged to complete the survey in its entirety. However, some questions allowed the respondent to indicate "no data" or "ND"; therefore, sum totals for "number of programs responding" may vary within and across tables. Column and row totals may not always be equal, as some tables allowed entry of totals only where discrete breakdowns were not permitted. In addition, some demographic questions allowed the respondent to indicate "unknown" or provide incomplete data; therefore, sum totals for demographic categories may vary and may not reflect all individuals within a given population. Responses of "unknown" for student gender demographics and for student race and ethnicity demographics are not included in the calculations of percentages for those tables. The program's director or chairperson was instructed to review and confirm the accuracy of the data prior to submitting the completed survey. ASHA staff conducted data review during the survey open period, in which case program directors were alerted to possible data errors via email or phone and were given the opportunity to correct those errors. ASHA staff conducted additional quality control checks and data cleaning after the close of the survey to eliminate obvious data errors. Tables were generated using R Version 4.3.1 and RStudio Version 2023.09.0.

#### Acknowledgments

This report is published jointly by CAPCSD and ASHA as a service to the CSD academic community. This comprehensive data report also seeks to inform students, agencies (local, state, and federal), related organizations, and the general public about the current state of CSD education. Support of the *CSD Education Survey* is made possible by ASHA, which maintains the program and provides financial, statistical, and technical support.

#### **Contact Information**

Questions or comments regarding this and related data reports should be directed to <u>CSDEducationSurvey@asha.org</u>.

#### **Suggested Citation**

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## Data-At-A-Glance Summary for Academic Year 2022-2023

#### **Institution Summary**

- 358 institutions offer undergraduate and/or graduate degrees in CSD education
- 279 offer an undergraduate degree in CSD
- 311 offer a master's degree in speech-language pathology
- 80 offer an entry-level clinical doctoral degree in audiology
- 1 offers a post–entry-level clinical doctoral degree in audiology
- 9 offer a post-entry-level clinical doctoral degree in speech-language pathology
- 80 offer research doctoral degrees in audiology, speech-language pathology and/or speech, language, and hearing sciences
- 58.7% of all CSD programs are administratively housed in schools of allied health, health sciences, health professions and public health

Applications Received (total number of applications across institutions; not number of unique applicants)

- 4,579 applications to entry-level clinical doctoral degree programs in audiology
- 54,960 applications to master's degree programs in speech-language pathology
- 273 applications to post-entry-level clinical doctoral degree programs in speech-language pathology
- 696 applications to research doctoral degree programs in audiology, speech-language pathology and/or speech and hearing sciences

#### **Total Enrollment**

- 33,997 undergraduate students in a CSD major
- 3,085 entry-level clinical doctoral students in audiology
- 22,365 master's students in speech-language pathology
- 397 post-entry-level clinical doctoral students in speech-language pathology
- 835 research doctoral students in audiology, speech-language pathology and/or speech and hearing sciences

#### **Degrees Granted**

- 10,352 undergraduate degrees in CSD
- 790 entry-level clinical doctoral degrees in audiology
- 10,027 master's degrees in speech-language pathology
- 101 post-entry-level clinical doctoral degrees in speech-language pathology
- 116 research doctoral degrees in audiology, speech-language pathology and/or speech and hearing sciences

Data was based on an overall response rate of 90% (323 of 358 institutions responding). No extrapolation was conducted.

# Data At-A-Glance for Speech-Language Pathology Master's Programs for Academic Year 2022-2023

#### **Institution Summary**

- 311 institutions offer a master's degree in speech-language pathology
- 39.5 is the mean student capacity for new admissions
- 34 is the median student capacity for new admissions
- 5.4 semesters is the average time-to-degree
- 118.2 average number of graduate practicum hours obtained at on-campus sites
- 335.0 average number of graduate practicum hours obtained at off-campus sites

**Applications and Admissions** (total number of applications across institutions; not number of unique applicants)

- 54,960 applications received
- 23,121 offered admission
- 42.1% offered admission
- 3.10-4.00 GPA mean range of students offered admission
- 18.9% offers of admission with funding
- Assistantships and scholarships are the majority of the funding offered

#### Enrollment

- 10,077 first-year students enrolled
- 3.8% of first-year students were male
- 26.8% of first-year students were of a racial/ethnic minority
- 1.7% of first-year students were international students
- 22,365 total enrollment
- 33.3% of programs reported insufficient clinical placements as having a moderate or major impact on enrollment (16.1% and 17.2% respectively)
- 37.2% of programs reported insufficient student funding as having a moderate or major impact on enrollment (21.6% and 15.6% respectively)

#### **Degrees Granted**

• 10,027 master's degrees in speech-language pathology were granted

Data based on an overall response rate of 92% (286 of 311) of the master's in speech-language pathology programs completing the CSD Education Survey. No extrapolation was conducted.

# Data At-A-Glance for Audiology Entry-Level Clinical Doctoral Programs for Academic Year 2022-2023

#### **Institution Summary**

- 80 institutions offer an entry-level clinical doctoral degree in audiology
- 12.8 is the mean student capacity for new admissions
- 12 is the median student capacity for new admissions
- 10.3 semesters is the average time-to-degree
- 326.0 average number of graduate practicum hours obtained at on-campus sites
- 2,009.6 average number of graduate practicum hours obtained at off-campus sites

**Applications and Admissions** (total number of applications across institutions; not number of unique applicants)

- 4,579 applications received
- 2,194 offered admission
- 47.9% offered admission
- 3.18-3.99 GPA mean range of students offered admission
- 28.4% offers of admission with funding
- Assistantships and scholarships are the majority of the funding offered

#### Enrollment

- 809 first-year students enrolled
- 9.0% of first-year students were male
- 25.2% of first-year students were of a racial/ethnic minority
- 3.0% of first-year students were international
- 3,085 total enrollment
- 24.3% of programs reported insufficient clinical placements as having a moderate or major impact on enrollment (18.9% and 5.4% respectively)
- 40.6% of programs reported insufficient funding as having a moderate or major impact on enrollment (23.0% and 17.6% respectively)

#### **Degrees Granted**

• 790 entry-level clinical doctoral degrees in audiology were granted

Data based on an overall response rate of 96% (77 of 80) of the entry-level clinical doctoral programs in audiology completing the CSD Education Survey. No extrapolation was conducted.

# Data At-A-Glance for Research Doctoral Degree (PhD) Programs for Academic Year 2022-2023

#### **Institution Summary**

- 80 institutions offer a research doctoral degree (e.g., PhD) in audiology, speech-language pathology, or speech and hearing sciences
- 4.8 is the mean student capacity for new admissions
- 4 is the median student capacity for new admissions
- 4-6 years is the time-to-degree for the majority of graduates

**Applications & Admissions** (number of applications across institutions; not the number of individual applicants)

- 696 applications received
- 261 offers of admission
- 37.5% offered admission
- 89.3% offers of admission with funding
- Assistantships and fellowships were the majority of the funding offered

#### Enrollment

- 160 first-year students enrolled
- 20.6% of first-year students were male
- 16.7% of first-year students were of a racial/ethnic minority
- 30.4% of first-year students were international students
- 835 total enrollment
- Insufficient number of qualified applicants and insufficient student funding were the most frequently reported major and moderate factors impacting enrollment

#### **Degrees Granted and First Employment**

- 116 research doctoral degrees were granted
- Faculty/academic position in a CSD program is the primary first employment setting among recent research doctoral graduates

Data based on an overall response rate of 96% (77 of 80) of the research doctoral programs completing the CSD Education Survey. No extrapolation was conducted.

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## **Participating Institutions**

The following institutions completed the 2023 CSD Education Survey. They represent 323 of the 358 institutions invited to participate

#### Alabama (8)

Alabama A&M University Auburn University Auburn University, Montgomery Faulkner University Samford University University of Alabama, Tuscaloosa University of Montevallo University of South Alabama

#### Arizona (6)

A.T. Still University - Arizona School of Health Sciences (Audiology)
A.T. Still University - Arizona School of Health Sciences (SLP)
Arizona State University
Midwestern University, Arizona
Northern Arizona University
University of Arizona

#### Arkansas (7)

Arkansas State University Harding University Ouachita Baptist University University of Arkansas for Medical Sciences University of Arkansas, Fayetteville University of Arkansas, Little Rock University of Central Arkansas

#### California (21)

**Biola University** California Baptist University California State University, Chico California State University, East Bay California State University, Fresno California State University, Fullerton California State University, Long Beach California State University, Los Angeles California State University, Monterey Bay California State University, Sacramento California State University, San Marcos Chapman University Loma Linda University San Diego State University San Diego State University & University of California-San Diego - AuD Joint Doctoral Program

#### California (continued)

San Francisco State University San Jose State University - SLP Program University of Redlands University of Southern California University of the Pacific - Audiology Program University of the Pacific - SLP Program

#### Colorado (3)

Metropolitan State University of Denver University of Colorado, Boulder University of Northern Colorado

#### **Connecticut (4)**

Sacred Heart University Southern Connecticut State University University of Connecticut University of New Haven

#### Delaware (1)

University of Delaware

#### District of Columbia (4)

Gallaudet University George Washington University Howard University University of the District of Columbia

#### Florida (11)

Albizu University Miami Campus Florida Atlantic University Florida International University Florida State University Jacksonville University Nova Southeastern University - Audiology Program Nova Southeastern University - SLP Program Southeastern University University of Central Florida University of Florida, Gainesville University of South Florida

#### Georgia (4)

Georgia State University Piedmont University University of Georgia Valdosta State University Hawaii (1) University of Hawaii at Mãnoa

Idaho (1) Idaho State University

### Illinois (15)

Augustana College (IL) DePaul University Eastern Illinois University Elmhurst University Illinois State University Lewis University Midwestern University, Illinois Northern Illinois University Northwestern University Rush University Southern Illinois University, Carbondale Southern Illinois University, Edwardsville St. Xavier University University of Illinois, Urbana - Champaign Western Illinois University

#### Indiana (8)

Ball State University Butler University Indiana State University Indiana University South Bend Indiana University, Bloomington Purdue University Purdue University Fort Wayne Saint Mary's College

#### lowa (3)

St. Ambrose University University of Iowa University of Northern Iowa

## Kansas (4)

Fort Hays State University Kansas State University University of Kansas Wichita State University

## Kentucky (5)

Brescia University Eastern Kentucky University Murray State University University of Kentucky Western Kentucky University

## Louisiana (6)

Louisiana State University - Health Science Center, New Orleans Louisiana Technical University Southeastern Louisiana University University of Louisiana, Lafayette University of Louisiana, Monroe Xavier University of Louisiana

### Maryland (3)

Loyola University Maryland Towson University University of Maryland, College Park

#### Massachusetts (11)

Boston University Bridgewater State University Emerson College Gordon College MGH Institute of Health Professions MGH Institute of Health Professions – Audiology Program Northeastern University Regis College Springfield College University of Massachusetts, Amherst Worcester State University

## Michigan (8)

Andrews University Calvin University Central Michigan University Eastern Michigan University Grand Valley State University Michigan State University Wayne State University Western Michigan University

## Minnesota (5)

Minnesota State University, Mankato Minnesota State University, Moorhead St. Cloud State University University of Minnesota Duluth University of Minnesota, Minneapolis

## Mississippi (5)

Delta State University Jackson State University Mississippi University for Women University of Mississippi University of Southern Mississippi

#### Missouri (10)

Fontbonne University Maryville University Missouri State University Rockhurst University Saint Louis University Southeast Missouri State University Truman State University University of Central Missouri University of Missouri Washington University

Montana (1)

University of Montana

#### Nebraska (3)

University of Nebraska, Kearney University of Nebraska, Lincoln University of Nebraska, Omaha

#### Nevada (2)

Nevada State University University of Nevada, Reno

New Hampshire (1) University of New Hampshire

#### New Jersey (5)

Monmouth University Montclair State University Rutgers, The State University of New Jersey Seton Hall University Stockton University

#### New Mexico (3)

Eastern New Mexico University New Mexico State University University of New Mexico

#### New York (27)

Adelphi University CUNY, Brooklyn Coll / Hunter Coll – Grad Center CUNY, Brooklyn College CUNY, Hunter College CUNY, Queens College CUNY, The Graduate Center (PhD Program) Elmira College Hofstra University Ithaca College LIU Brooklyn

#### New York (continued)

LIU Post Long Island AuD Consortium -Adelphi/Hofstra/St. John's Universities Nazareth College New York Medical College New York University Pace University St. John's University Stony Brook University SUNY at Buffalo SUNY at Cortland SUNY at Fredonia SUNY at New Paltz SUNY Buffalo State University Syracuse University Teachers College, Columbia University Touro University Yeshiva University Katz School of SLP

#### North Carolina (7)

Appalachian State University East Carolina University Montreat College North Carolina Central University University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill University of North Carolina, Greensboro Western Carolina University

#### North Dakota (3)

Minot State University University of Mary University of North Dakota

#### Ohio (15)

**Baldwin Wallace University Bluffton University Bowling Green State University** Case Western Reserve University **Cleveland State University** College of Wooster Kent State University Miami University Mount St. Joseph University Mount Vernon Nazarene University Northeast Ohio AuD Consortium (NOAC)- Kent State/Univ of Akron Ohio State University **Ohio University** University of Cincinnati University of Toledo

#### Oklahoma (5)

Northeastern State University Oklahoma State University University of Central Oklahoma University of Oklahoma - Health Sciences Center University of Science & Arts of Oklahoma

#### Oregon (4)

Pacific University - Audiology Pacific University - SLP Portland State University University of Oregon

#### Pennsylvania (24)

**Carlow University** Commonwealth University of Pennsylvania **Delaware Valley University DeSales University Duquesne University** East Stroudsburg University Geneva College Indiana University of Pennsylvania La Salle University Lebanon Valley College Marywood University Misericordia University Moravian University Penn State University Harrisburg Pennsylvania State University Pennsylvania Western University Salus University - Audiology Program Salus University - SLP Program Temple University **Thomas Jefferson University** University of Pittsburgh University of Scranton West Chester University Widener University

#### Puerto Rico (5)

Carlos Albizu University Inter American University of Puerto Rico Pontifical Catholic University of Puerto Rico Universidad Ana G. Mendez – Recinto de Gurabo University of Puerto Rico, San Juan

#### Rhode Island (2)

Rhode Island College University of Rhode Island

#### South Carolina (5)

Bob Jones University Columbia College Francis Marion University Medical University of South Carolina University of South Carolina

#### South Dakota (2)

Augustana University University of South Dakota

#### Tennessee (7)

Austin Peay State University East Tennessee State University Freed-Hardeman University Tennessee State University University of Memphis University of Tennessee Health Science Center Vanderbilt University

#### Texas (22)

Abilene Christian University **Baylor University** Hardin-Simmons University Lamar University Schreiner University Stephen F. Austin State University **Tarleton State University** Texas A&M University, Kingsville **Texas Christian University Texas State University** Texas Tech University Health Sciences Center Texas Woman's University The University of Texas at Tyler The University of Texas Rio Grande Valley University of Houston University of North Texas University of St. Augustine for Health Sciences University of Texas at Dallas University of Texas Health San Antonio University of Texas, Austin University of Texas, El Paso West Texas A & M University

#### Utah (4)

Brigham Young University Rocky Mountain University of Health Professions University of Utah Utah State University

#### Vermont (1)

University of Vermont

#### Virginia (4)

Longwood University Old Dominion University Radford University University of Virginia

#### Washington (4)

Eastern Washington University University of Washington Washington State University Western Washington University

#### West Virginia (3)

Marshall University West Liberty University West Virginia University

#### Wisconsin (9)

AuD Consortium, University of Wisconsin-Madison & University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point Concordia University Wisconsin Marquette University University of Wisconsin, Eau Claire University of Wisconsin, Madison University of Wisconsin, Milwaukee University of Wisconsin, River Falls University of Wisconsin, Stevens Point University of Wisconsin, Whitewater

#### Wyoming (1)

University of Wyoming

## Highlights

## Prerequisites

- Almost two-thirds (61.7%) of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs had prerequisite requirements for non-CSD undergraduates, as did 84.8% of speech-language pathology master's programs (see Table 1).
- More than half (59.6%) of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs and almost three-quarters (71.7%) of speech-language pathology master's programs offered prerequisite courses to students whether or not they were admitted to their program (see Table 2).

## Applications

- A total of 4,579 **applications** were received by the 77 audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs that responded to the survey, of which 2,194 were approved for admission, averaging 59 applications and 28 approvals per program (see Tables 3 and 7). By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, 4,510 applications were received by the 76 programs that responded to the survey, of which 2,206 were approved for admission, averaging 59 applications and 29 approvals per program. Note that the total number of applications does not represent the number of unique applicants. Prospective students may have applied to more than one program and received multiple admission offers. As such, the number of applications reported does not reflect a 1:1 correspondence with the number of students that applied to graduate programs during the academic year.
- A total of 54,960 **applications** were received by the 286 speech-language pathology master's programs that responded to the survey, of which 23,121 were approved for admission, averaging 192 applications and 81 approvals per program (see Tables 3 and 7). By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, 54,893 applications were received by the 278 programs that responded to the survey, of which 22,845 were approved for admission, averaging 197 applications and 82 approvals per program. Note that the number of applications reported does not reflect a 1:1 correspondence with the number of students that applied to graduate programs during the academic year.
- A total of 696 research doctoral **applications** were received by the 77 institutions that offered research doctoral programs across all areas of study and responded to the survey, of which 261 were approved for admission (see Tables 3 and 7). By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, 647 applications were received by the 77 institutions that had research doctoral programs across all areas of study and responded to the survey, of which 259 were approved for admission.
- Except for research doctoral programs, the majority (97%–98%) of **applications** across all areas of study and degree types were from non-international applicants. Research doctoral programs reported the highest percentage of international applicants (50.1%) (see Table 4).

## Admissions

- Most applicants **approved for admission** were non-international, ranging from 64.1% for research doctoral programs to 98.1% for speech-language pathology master's programs (see Table 8).
- More than one-quarter (28.4%) of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level students and 18.9% of speechlanguage pathology master's students were **offered admission with funding.** A much larger percentage (89.3%) of research doctoral students were offered admission with funding (see Table 9).

- Of those offered admission with funding, the most prevalent **types of funding** offered to audiology clinical doctoral entry-level students were scholarships (59.1%) and assistantships (41.1%). More than half (56.9%) of speech-language pathology master's students who were offered admission with funding were offered assistantships. Most (64.8%) research doctoral students who were offered admission with funding were offered assistantships, and 23.2% were offered fellowships (see Table 10).
- The median **grade point average** (GPA) range for students offered admission to audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs was 3.16–4.00. For students offered admission to speech-language pathology master's programs, the median GPA range was 3.09–4.00 (see Table 11).

### **Student Capacity for Admissions**

- The median student capacity for admissions was 12 students for audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs, 34 students for speech-language pathology master's programs, and 4 students for research doctoral programs (see Table 5).
- Audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs were filled to 82.0% of their first-year enrollment capacity, speech-language pathology master's programs were filled to 89.6%, and research doctoral programs were filled to 43.5% (see Table 6). By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs were filled to 83.4% of their first-year enrollment capacity, speech-language pathology master's programs were filled to 89.6%.

### **Graduate First-Year Enrollments**

- Academic programs that responded to the survey reported a total of 809 first-year enrollments in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs, 10,077 in speech-language pathology master's programs, and 160 in research doctoral programs (see Table 12). By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, academic programs that responded to the survey reported a total of 829 first-year enrollments in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs, 9,920 in speech-language pathology master's programs, and 175 in research doctoral programs.
- Across all areas of study and degree types, most first-year students self-identified as female—91.0% in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs, 96.0% in speech-language pathology master's programs, and 79.4% in research doctoral programs (see Table 13).
- Most first-year entry-level students self-identified as white (non-international)—71.8% in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs and 71.5% in speech-language pathology master's programs, as did most (52.9%) students in research doctoral programs (see Table 14).

## **Total Enrollment**

- A total of 33,997 undergraduate students were enrolled for the 2022–2023 academic year based on 89.2% of programs responding (see Table 15). Of the enrolled students, 4.1% self-identified as male and 0.1% self-identified as non-binary (see Table 16). Nearly one-third (30.8%) self-identified as a racial/ethnic minority (non-international) and 0.9% were international students (see Table 17). Note that 73.8% of programs reported data for gender and 70.3% reported data for race and ethnicity. By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, a total of 36,573 undergraduate students were enrolled based on 87.2% of programs responding. Of the enrolled students, 4.2% self-identified as male and 0.1% self-identified as non-binary. Nearly one-third (32.6%) self-identified as a racial/ethnic minority (non-international) and 1.0% were international students.
- In graduate programs, 3,085 students were enrolled in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs, 22,365 students were enrolled in speech-language pathology master's programs, and 835 students were enrolled in research doctoral programs for the 2022–2023 academic year (see Table 15).

- Of the programs reporting data for gender, individuals who self-identified as male comprised 8.9% of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level students, 3.7% of speech-language pathology master's students, and 19.8% of research doctoral students. Individuals who self-identified as non-binary comprised 0.5% of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level students, 0.2% of speech-language pathology master's students, and 0.5% of research doctoral students (see Table 16).
- Of the programs reporting data for race and ethnicity, most entry-level students self-identified as white (noninternational)—74.8% in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs and 69.8% in speech-language pathology master's programs. Students who self-identified as a racial/ethnic minority (non-international) comprised 22.7% of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level students, 28.9% of speech-language pathology master's students, and 18.1% of research doctoral students (see Table 17).
- Of the programs reporting disability data, the median number of enrolled students with a documented disability was 4 in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs, 4 in speech-language pathology master's programs, and 1.5 in research doctoral programs (see Table 19).
- Among first-year research doctoral students, 21.2% enrolled immediately following receipt of their master's degree, 19.0% enrolled after practicing for five or fewer years in the profession(s)/discipline, and 18.2% enrolled after practicing for six or more years in the profession(s)/discipline. Another 2.2% enrolled in a research doctoral degree program while simultaneously enrolled in a clinical doctoral degree program (e.g., AuD/PhD) (see Table 20).
- Insufficient student funding topped the list of factors having the greatest impact on enrollment in audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs. More than one-third (40.6%) of programs reported insufficient student funding as a moderate (23.0%) or major (17.6%) factor impacting enrollment. In addition, about one-third (33.8%) of programs reported an insufficient number of qualified candidates applying as a moderate (20.3%) or major (13.5%) factor impacting enrollment (see Table 21).
- Insufficient student funding also topped the list of factors having the greatest impact on enrollment in speechlanguage pathology master's programs. More than one-third (37.2%) of programs reported insufficient student funding as a moderate (21.6%) or major (15.6%) factor impacting enrollment. In addition, about onethird (33.3%) of programs reported insufficient clinical placements as a moderate (16.1%) or major (17.2%) factor impacting enrollment (see Table 21).
- Across all research doctoral programs, factors having the greatest impact on enrollment were insufficient student funding, an insufficient number of qualified candidates applying, and competing demands on faculty time (see Table 21).

## Graduation

- A total of 10,352 undergraduate CSD degrees were granted in the 2022–2023 academic year based on 89.2% of programs responding (see Table 22). By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, 10,627 undergraduate CSD degrees were granted based on 87.2% of programs responding.
- A total of 790 clinical entry-level doctoral degrees in audiology were granted in the 2022–2023 academic year based on 77 programs responding, and 10,027 master's degrees in speech-language pathology were granted based on 286 programs responding (see Table 22). By comparison, in the 2021–2022 academic year, a total of 741 clinical entry-level doctoral degrees in audiology were granted based on 76 programs responding, and 9,223 master's degrees in speech-language pathology were granted based on 278 programs responding.
- A total of 116 research doctoral degrees were granted in the 2022–2023 academic year based on 77 programs responding (see Table 22)—down from 151 research doctoral degrees in the 2021–2022 academic year.

- Most (95.8%) individuals who earned an undergraduate degree self-identified as female. Individuals who self-identified as male represented 8.7% of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level degree graduates, 3.6% of speech-language pathology master's degree graduates, and 23.4% of research doctoral degree graduates. Those who self-identified as non-binary represented 0.7% of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level degree graduates, 0.1% of speech-language pathology master's degree graduates, and 0.0% of research doctoral degree graduates (see Table 23).
- Most (70.7%) individuals who earned an undergraduate degree self-identified as white (non-international); 28.4% self-identified as a racial/ethnic minority (non-international); and 0.9% held an international status (see Table 24).
- Individuals who self-identified as white (non-international) represented the majority of graduates from audiology clinical doctoral entry-level degree programs (78.3%), speech-language pathology master's degree programs (71.3%), and research doctoral degree programs (63.6%) (see Table 24).
- Hearing science (*n*=8) was the top primary area of specialty for audiology/hearing sciences research doctoral degree graduates. Child language (*n*=16), neurogenic communication disorders (*n*=15), and speech science (*n*=12) were the top primary areas of specialty for speech-language pathology/speech and language sciences research doctoral degree graduates (see Table 26).

## **Thesis and Capstone Project Requirements**

- Most (68.1%) audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs required a capstone project for conferral of the degree (see Table 25).
- More than one-quarter (27.4%) of speech-language pathology master's programs required a capstone project for conferral of the degree; 14.2% required a thesis (see Table 25).

## **First Employment**

• The first employment position for most research doctoral degree graduates was a faculty/academic position in a CSD program (35.8%) or a postdoctoral position (26.4%) (see Table 27).

## **Clinical Practicum Hours**

 Graduates of audiology clinical doctoral entry-level programs obtained an average of 326.0 practicum hours at on-campus sites and 2009.6 hours at off-campus sites. Graduates of speech-language pathology master's programs obtained an average of 118.2 practicum hours at on-campus sites and 335.0 hours at off-campus sites (see Tables 28 and 29).

## Time to Degree

- Audiology clinical doctoral entry-level graduates completed their degree requirements in an average of 15.5 quarters or 10.3 semesters (see Tables 30 and 31).
- Speech-language pathology master's graduates completed their degree requirements in an average of 7.6 quarters or 5.4 semesters (see Tables 30 and 31).
- Most (77.1%) research doctoral graduates completed their degree requirements within 4 to 6 years; 11.0% completed them within 7 to 10 years (see Table 32).
- Most research doctoral students who "officially dropped out" of their degree program did so when academic coursework, comprehensive exams, and dissertation requirements were unfulfilled (see Table 33).

#### **Administrative Location**

 More than half (58.7%) of all CSD degree programs were administratively located in schools or colleges of Allied Health, Health Sciences, Health Professions, or Public Health within academic institutions (see Table 34).

#### **Postdoctoral Appointments**

• For the 2022–2023 academic year, 31 of the 322 institutions responding indicated offering postdoctoral appointments. A total of 94 postdoctoral appointments were available and of these, 60 were filled (see Table 35).

#### **Total Number of Faculty**

- A total of 5,943 academic and clinical faculty were employed during the 2022-2023 academic year based on 89.9% of institutions responding. Of these, 2,316 were full-time academic faculty, 1,170 were part-time academic faculty, 1,356 were full-time clinical faculty, and 1,101 were part-time clinical faculty (see Table 36).
- Of the 2,327 full-time faculty with research doctoral degrees, more than half (56.2%, *n*=1,308) held a research doctorate in speech-language pathology. The remainder held a research doctorate in audiology (14.4%, *n*=335), speech/language science (11.8%, *n*=274), hearing science (5.4%, *n*=125), or in another area of study (12.2%, *n*=285) (see Table 37).

#### **Faculty Openings**

- During the 2022–2023 academic year, there was a total of 328 openings for full-time faculty with research doctorates (43 in audiology, 231 in speech-language pathology, 9 in hearing sciences, 23 in speech/ language sciences, and 22 in no specific area of study) (see Table 38).
- A total of 282 searches for faculty with research doctorates were conducted during the 2022–2023 academic year; 62.4% of these searches were filled (see Table 39).
- Most of the positions for faculty with research doctorates were filled by individuals who held a research doctorate in CSD (85.4%, *n*=152) or in another discipline (5.6%, *n*=10). An additional 4.5% (*n*=8) of the positions were filled by individuals who held a clinical doctorate in CSD (five in audiology and three in speech-language pathology). An additional 4.5% (*n*=8) of the positions were filled by individuals who held a naster's degree in CSD (see Table 40).

## **Applications and Admissions Tables 1-11**

Table 1—Number and Percent of Programs with Prerequisite Requirements for Non-CSDUndergraduates by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Number of				requisite Req on-CSD Unde		
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding		Required		Not Red	quired
Audiology							
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	47		29	61.7%	18	38.3%
Speech-Language Pathology							
Master's	311	198		168	84.8%	30	15.2%

# Table 2—Number and Percent of Programs with Prerequisite Offerings for Non-CSDUndergraduates by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Num	ber of Non-CSD Undergraduates									
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Offered to All Students				ed to All Admitted Requ		•	Required but Not Offered	
Audiology											
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	47	28	59.6%	5	10.6%	5	10.6%			
Speech-Language Pathology											
Master's	311	198	142	71.7%	28	14.1%	27	13.6%			

## Table 3—Total Number of Applications by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Number of						
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Applications				
Audiology							
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	4,579				
Speech-Language Pathology							
Master's	311	286	54,960				
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	273				
Research Doctorate	80	77	696				

Note: The number of applications reported by area of study and degree type does not reflect a 1:1 correspondence with the number of students applying to graduate programs.

# Table 4—Number and Percent of Applications by Area of Study, Degree Type, and International vs. Non-International Status

	Num	ber of	Number of Applications			
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Non-International		Internat	tional
Audiology						
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	68	4,187	96.7%	142	3.3%
Speech-Language Pathology						
Master's	311	264	49,989	97.9%	1,078	2.1%
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	7	259	97.7%	6	2.3%
Research Doctorate	80	66	328	49.9%	329	50.1%

## Table 5—Student Capacity for Admissions by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Num		Student Capacity for Admissions				
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Sum	Mean	Median	Minimum	Maximum
Audiology							
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	986	12.8	12	0	32
Speech-Language Pathology							
Master's	311	285	11,246	39.5	34	0	350
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	171	21.4	11	5	80
Research Doctorate	80	77	368	4.8	4	0	20

# Table 6—Student Capacity for Admissions and Actual First-Year Enrollments by Area ofStudy and Degree Type

	Number of							
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Student Capacity for Admissions	First-Year Enrollments	Percent of Student Capacity Filled			
Audiology								
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	986	809	82.0%			
Speech-Language Pathology								
Master's	311	286	11,246	10,077	89.6%			
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	171	157	91.8%			
Research Doctorate	80	77	368	160	43.5%			

# Table 7—Number and Percent Approved for Admission by Area of Study and Degree Type

_	Numb	er of				
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Number Approved for Admission	Number of Applications	Percent Approved for Admission	
Audiology						
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	2,194	4,579	47.9%	
Speech-Language Pathology						
Master's	311	286	23,121	54,960	42.1%	
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	195	273	71.4%	
Research Doctorate	80	77	261	696	37.5%	

# Table 8—Number and Percent Approved for Admission by Area of Study, Degree Type,and International vs. Non-International Status

	Num	iber of	Number Approved for Admission			
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Non-International		Intern	ational
Audiology						
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	68	2,004	97.4%	53	2.6%
Speech-Language Pathology						
Master's	311	268	21,272	98.1%	414	1.9%
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	7	181	96.8%	6	3.2%
Research Doctorate	80	63	157	64.1%	88	35.9%

# Table 9—Number and Percent of Students Offered Admission with Funding by Area ofStudy and Degree Type

Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Students Offered Admission	Students Offered Admission with Funding	Percent of Students Offered Admission with Funding
Audiology					
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	2,194	623	28.4%
Speech-Language Pathology					
Master's	311	286	23,121	4,374	18.9%
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	195	32	16.4%
Research Doctorate	80	77	261	233	89.3%

## Table 10—Number and Percent of Students Offered the Following Types of Funding among Students Offered Admission with Funding by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Number of				Students Offered Admission with Funding								
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Students Offered Admission with Funding	Assista	antships	Extr	amural	Fello	owships	Intra	amural	Schola	arships
Audiology													
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	68	623	256	41.1%	16	2.6%	22	3.5%	16	2.6%	368	59.1%
Speech-Language Pathology													
Master's	311	228	4,374	1,608	36.8%	76	1.7%	212	4.8%	102	2.3%	2,490	56.9%
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry- Level	9	3	32	0	0.0%	0	0.0%	1	3.1%	0	0.0%	31	96.9%
Research Doctorate	80	63	233	151	64.8%	37	15.9%	54	23.2%	12	5.2%	26	11.2%

Note: The sum of the students offered each type of funding may not equal the total students offered admission with funding as students may have been offered more than one type of funding.

# Table 11—GPA Range of Students Offered Admission by Area of Study andDegree Type

	Nun	nber of	GPA Range		
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Mean	Median	
Audiology					
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	74	3.18-3.99	3.16-4.00	
Speech-Language Pathology					
Master's	311	283	3.10-4.00	3.09-4.00	

Note: Programs may report a top GPA above 4.0, depending on the scale of the GPA.

## **Enrollment Tables 12-21**

## Table 12—Graduate First-Year Enrollment by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Num		
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Graduate First Year Enrollment
Audiology			
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	809
Speech-Language Pathology			
Master's	311	286	10,077
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	157
Research Doctorate	80	77	160

## Table 13—Graduate First-Year Enrollment by Area of Study, Degree Type, and Gender

	Number of Existing Programs Programs Responding			Graduate First-Year Enrollment by Gender							
Area of Study and Degree Type			Male		Female		Non-Binary		Unknown		
Audiology											
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	67	67	9.0%	676	91.0%	0	0.0%	8		
Speech-Language Pathology											
Master's	311	262	350	3.8%	8,865	96.0%	19	0.2%	45		
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry- Level	9	6	9	6.2%	137	93.8%	0	0.0%	1		
Research Doctorate	80	55	29	20.6%	112	79.4%	0	0.0%	1		

Note: Percentage calculations do not include unknown.

# Table 14—Graduate First-Year Enrollment by Area of Study, Degree Type, and Race/Ethnicity

	Num	ber of		Graduate First-Year Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity						
			Non-International Racial/Ethnic White Minority							
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding					International		Unknown	
Audiology										
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	63	509	71.8%	179	25.2%	21	3.0%	9	
Speech-Language Pathology										
Master's	311	239	5,887	71.5%	2,205	26.8%	139	1.7%	399	
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry- Level	9	6	89	63.6%	49	35.0%	2	1.4%	7	
Research Doctorate	80	52	73	52.9%	23	16.7%	42	30.4%	0	

Note: Percentage calculations do not include unknown.

#### Table 15—Total Enrollment by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Num	ber of	
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Total Enrollment
Undergraduate	279	249	33,997
Audiology			
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	3,085
Speech-Language Pathology			
Master's	311	286	22,365
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	397
Research Doctorate	80	77	835

#### Table 16—Total Enrollment by Area of Study, Degree Type, and Gender

	Num	ber of	Total Enrollment by Gender							
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding		Male	Ferr	nale	Non-E	Binary	Unknown	
Undergraduate	279	206	1,140	4.1%	26,401	95.7%	34	0.1%	118	
Audiology										
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	67	245	8.9%	2,495	90.6%	15	0.5%	1	
Speech-Language Pathology										
Master's	311	258	729	3.7%	18,928	96.1%	34	0.2%	89	
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry- Level	9	6	15	4.3%	335	95.2%	2	0.6%	1	
Research Doctorate	80	68	146	19.8%	586	79.6%	4	0.5%	3	

#### Table 17—Total Enrollment by Area of Study, Degree Type, and Race/Ethnicity

	Num	Number of Total Enrollment by F						thnicity	
				Non-International					
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Wh	ite	Racial/ Minc		Inter	national	Unknown
Undergraduate	279	196	17,601	68.3%	7,930	30.8%	231	0.9%	453
Audiology									
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	64	1,911	74.8%	579	22.7%	64	2.5%	43
Speech-Language Pathology									
Master's	311	240	12,778	69.8%	5,291	28.9%	244	1.3%	555
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry- Level	9	6	211	62.4%	120	35.5%	7	2.1%	15
Research Doctorate	80	66	423	58.3%	131	18.1%	171	23.6%	27

#### Table 18—Total Enrollment by Area of Study, Degree Type, and Student Language Use

	Num	ber of	Total Enrollment by Language Use							
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	0 0		ıltilingual	English Mono	lingual	Unknown			
Undergraduate	279	61	684	17.5%	3,221	82.5%	2,727			
Audiology										
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	26	182	20.5%	705	79.5%	157			
Speech-Language Pathology										
Master's	311	145	1,930	22.0%	6,840	78.0%	1,608			

### Table 19—Number of Students Enrolled with a Documented Disability by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Nun	nber of		of Students cumented		
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Sum	Mean	Median	Percent of Students Enrolled with a Documented Disability*
Undergraduate	279	101	911	9.0	5	8.2%
Audiology						
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	33	180	5.5	4	12.2%
Speech-Language Pathology						
Master's	311	137	682	5.0	4	7.0%
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	2	8	4.0	4	3.0%
Research Doctorate	80	12	21	1.8	1.5	10.5%

\*Only data reported from programs that provided both the total number of students enrolled and the number of students with a documented disability were used to calculate the percent of students enrolled with a documented disability.

### Table 20—Number of First-Year Research Doctoral Students and the Experiences that Immediately Preceded Their Enrollment

	Num	ber of		Immediately Following Receipt of			_ While _			After Practicing in the Profession(s)/Discipline(s)								
Area of Study	Existing Programs	Programs Responding		chelor's egree		aster's egree	Do	inical octoral egree	Enro Cli Doo Degre	aneously olled in nical ctoral ee (e.g., 0/PhD)	Fo Com C	nediately Ilowing pletion of Ilinical Iowship		r Fewer Years	6 or Mo	ore Years	exp outsi profe	Other perience ide of the ession(s)/ scipline
Research Doctorate	80	52	21	15.3%	29	21.2%	2	1.5%	3	2.2%	15	10.9%	26	19.0%	25	18.2%	16	11.7%

# Table 21—Number and Percent of Programs that Rated Factors Impacting Enrollment by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Number and Percent										
Area of Study, Degree Type and Factors Impacting Enrollment	Not a Factor		Mino	Minor Impact		oderate mpact	Major Impact				
Audiology											
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level											
Insufficient number of faculty	53	71.6%	4	5.4%	9	12.2%	8	10.8%			
Competing demands on faculty time	42	56.8%	13	17.6%	13	17.6%	6	8.1%			
Insufficient clinical placements	34	45.9%	22	29.7%	14	18.9%	4	5.4%			
Insufficient number of qualified candidates applying	35	47.3%	14	18.9%	15	20.3%	10	13.5%			
Insufficient student funding	28	37.8%	16	21.6%	17	23.0%	13	17.6%			
Insufficient space (e.g. lab, classroom)	59	79.7%	9	12.2%	5	6.8%	1	1.4%			
Research Doctorate											
Insufficient number of faculty	22	50.0%	5	11.4%	10	22.7%	7	15.9%			
Competing demands on faculty time	22	50.0%	6	13.6%	8	18.2%	8	18.2%			
Insufficient clinical placements	40	90.9%	2	4.5%	1	2.3%	1	2.3%			
Insufficient number of qualified candidates applying	19	43.2%	9	20.5%	12	27.3%	4	9.1%			
Insufficient student funding	17	39.5%	7	16.3%	8	18.6%	11	25.6%			
Insufficient space (e.g. lab, classroom)	37	84.1%	5	11.4%	1	2.3%	1	2.3%			

## Table 21—Number and Percent of Programs that Rated Factors Impacting Enrollment by Area of Study and Degree Type (continued)

				Number a	nd Perc	ent		
Area of Study, Degree Type, and Factors Impacting Enrollment	Not	a Factor	Minor Impact			lerate pact		lajor npact
Speech-Language Pathology								
Master's								
Insufficient number of faculty	166	59.7%	48	17.3%	39	14.0%	25	9.0%
Competing demands on faculty time	142	50.7%	62	22.1%	46	16.4%	30	10.7%
Insufficient clinical placements	131	47.0%	55	19.7%	45	16.1%	48	17.2%
Insufficient number of qualified candidates applying	139	49.8%	70	25.1%	32	11.5%	38	13.6%
Insufficient student funding	98	36.4%	71	26.4%	58	21.6%	42	15.6%
Insufficient space (e.g. lab, classroom)	205	73.2%	40	14.3%	27	9.6%	8	2.9%
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level								
Insufficient number of faculty	4	50.0%	1	12.5%	3	37.5%	—	—
Competing demands on faculty time	4	50.0%	2	25.0%	1	12.5%	1	12.5%
Insufficient clinical placements	8	100.0%	_	—	_	—	_	—
Insufficient number of qualified candidates applying	6	75.0%	2	25.0%	_	—	_	—
Insufficient student funding	5	62.5%	2	25.0%	1	12.5%	_	_
Insufficient space (e.g. lab, classroom)	8	100.0%	_	—	_	—	_	_
Research Doctorate								
Insufficient number of faculty	42	59.2%	17	23.9%	9	12.7%	3	4.2%
Competing demands on faculty time	34	47.2%	17	23.6%	10	13.9%	11	15.3%
Insufficient clinical placements	69	95.8%	2	2.8%	1	1.4%	_	_
Insufficient number of qualified candidates applying	38	52.8%	11	15.3%	8	11.1%	15	20.8%
Insufficient student funding	28	40.0%	14	20.0%	9	12.9%	19	27.1%
Insufficient space (e.g. lab, classroom)	59	81.9%	10	13.9%	3	4.2%	_	

Note: Where dashes (---) occur, no data were provided.

#### **Graduation Tables 22-26**

#### Table 22—Total Number of Degrees Granted by Area of Study and Degree Type

	N	Number of	
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Total Number of Degrees Granted
Undergraduate	279	249	10,352
Audiology			
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	77	790
Speech-Language Pathology			
Master's	311	286	10,027
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	8	101
Research Doctorate	80	77	116

## Table 23—Number and Percent of Degrees Granted by Area of Study, Degree Type, and Gender

	Number of					Total Number of Degrees Granted								
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding		Male	Fem	nale	Non-E	Binary	Unknown					
Undergraduate	279	196	321	4.0%	7,692	95.8%	18	0.2%	34					
Audiology														
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	65	60	8.7%	624	90.6%	5	0.7%	9					
Speech-Language Pathology														
Master's	311	247	310	3.6%	8,306	96.3%	11	0.1%	86					
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry- Level	9	6	4	4.1%	93	94.9%	1	1.0%	0					
Research Doctorate	80	51	25	23.4%	82	76.6%	0	0.0%	9					

# Table 24—Number and Percent of Degrees Granted by Area of Study, Degree Type, and Race/Ethnicity

	Num	ber of			Total Nun	egrees G	ranted		
				Non-International					
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	W	hite	Racial/E Mino		Inter	national	Unknown
Undergraduate	279	176	4,925	70.7%	1,975	28.4%	65	0.9%	190
Audiology									
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	60	513	78.3%	133	20.3%	9	1.4%	9
Speech-Language Pathology									
Master's	311	231	5,640	71.3%	2,148	27.2%	123	1.6%	263
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry- Level	9	5	57	66.3%	29	33.7%	0	0.0%	3
Research Doctorate	80	51	63	63.6%	15	15.2%	21	21.2%	17

## Table 25—Number and Percent of Programs that Require a Thesis and/or a Capstone for Conferral of the Graduate Degree by Area of Study and Degree Type

Area of Study and Degree	Number of Existing Programs	Number of Programs Responding	Number and Programs th		Number and Percent of Programs that Requir Capstone Project		
Audiology							
Clinical Doctorate: Entry Level	80	47	1	2.1%	32	68.1%	
Speech-Language Pathology							
Master's	311	197	28	14.2%	54	27.4%	
Clinical Doctorate: Post-Entry Level	9	5	0	0.0%	4	80.0%	
Research Doctorate	80	54	1	1.9%	1	1.9%	

#### Table 26—Number of Research Doctoral Degrees Granted by Primary Area of Specialty

	Number of						
Area of Study and Primary Area of Specialty	Existing Institutions	Institutions Responding	Research Doctoral Degrees Granted				
Audiology/Hearing Sciences							
Balance	80	11	0				
Hearing conservation	80	11	0				
Hearing science	80	11	8				
Pediatric audiology	80	11	1				
Psychoacoustics	80	11	1				
Rehabilitative audiology	80	11	1				
Other Audiology/Hearing Science	80	11	5				
Total	80	11	16				
Speech-Language Pathology/Speech and Language Sciences							
AAC	80	38	3				
Aural rehabilitation	80	38	0				
Child Language	80	38	16				
Fluency	80	38	1				
Language science	80	38	6				
Literacy	80	38	3				
Neurogenic communication disorders	80	38	15				
Phonology/articulation	80	38	1				
Speech science	80	38	12				
Swallowing	80	38	6				
Voice	80	38	7				
Other SLP/Speech Sciences	80	38	6				
Total	80	38	76				

### First Employment

# Table 27—First Employment for Research Doctoral Degree Graduates by Area of Study and Employment Setting

		Number of		
Area of Study, Degree Type and Employment Setting	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Graduates	Percent of Graduates
Research Doctorate				
Faculty/academic position in a CSD program	80	47	38	35.8%
Faculty/academic position in another discipline	80	47	5	4.7%
Clinical position in an academic setting	80	47	4	3.8%
Clinical position in a non-academic setting	80	48	6	5.7%
Administrative position in an academic setting	80	47	1	0.9%
Administrative position in a non-academic setting	80	47	1	0.9%
Research position in an academic setting	80	47	9	8.5%
Research position in a non-academic setting	80	47	3	2.8%
Postdoctoral position	80	47	28	26.4%
Other or unknown employment setting	80	47	9	8.5%
Not employed	80	47	0	0.0%
Unknown employment status	80	47	2	1.9%

#### **Clinical Practicum Tables 28-29**

## Table 28—Average Number of Graduate Practicum Hours Obtained at On-Campus Sites byArea of Study and Degree Type

	Numb	er of	
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Average Number of Graduate Practicum Hours Obtained at On-Campus Sites
Audiology			
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	64	326.0
Speech-Language Pathology			
Master's	311	233	118.2

## Table 29—Average Number of Graduate Practicum Hours Obtained at Off-Campus Sites byArea of Study and Degree Type

	Numbe	er of	
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Average Number of Graduate Practicum Hours Obtained at Off-Campus Sites
Audiology			
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	63	2009.6
Speech-Language Pathology			
Master's	311	243	335.0

### Time to Degree Tables 30-33

	Num	ber of	Avera	Average Time to Degree in Quarters					
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs Programs Responding		Mean	Median	Minimum	Maximum			
Audiology									
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	2	15.5	15.5	15	16			
Speech-Language Pathology									
Master's	311	9	7.6	7	7	11			
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	1	9	9	9	9			

#### Table 31—Average Time to Degree in Semesters by Area of Study and Degree Type

	Nun	nber of	Average Time to Degree in Semesters					
Area of Study and Degree Type	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	Mean	Mean Median		Maximum		
Audiology								
Clinical Doctorate: Entry-Level	80	45	10.3	11	8	12		
Speech-Language Pathology								
Master's	311	187	5.4	5	4	8		
Clinical Doctorate: Post Entry-Level	9	4	5.5	6	3	7		

### Table 32—Number of Graduates Who Completed the Research Doctoral DegreeRequirements within the Following Time Frames

	Num	Number of Years					ſS			
Area of Study	Existing Programs	Programs Responding	1	-3		4-6		7-10		re than 10
Research Doctorate	80	50	9	8.3%	84	77.1%	12	11.0%	4	3.7%

### Table 33—Number of Research Doctoral Students Who "Officially Dropped Out" of theDegree Program When the Following Requirements Were Unfulfilled

	Numb	er of	Number of Student Following Requi	ts Who Drop Out W rements Were Unfu	
Area of Study	Existing Programs	Programs Indicating student dropouts	Academic Coursework, Comprehensive Exams, Dissertation	Comprehensive Exams, Dissertation	Dissertation Only
Research Doctorate	80	15	17	1	4

#### **Administrative Location**

 Table 34—Administrative Location of Programs within Academic Institutions

					A	dministrativ	ve Locati	on of CSD	Degree Pi	ograms	s within the	Institu	tion				
Nun	nber of	He	Health; alth nces;	Huma	ciences; inities; & Fine	Audio Spee Langu	ech-										
		He	alth	Arts; Sc	cial and	Patho	logy;							Profe	ssional		
Existing	Responding	Profes	ssions;	Beha	vioral	Commur	nication							Prog	rams/	None	e of the
Institutions	Institutions	Public	Health	Scie	nces	Disor	ders	Commun	ications	Edu	ication	Mee	dicine	Stu	ıdies	ab	ove
358	322	189	58.7%	58	18.0%	7	2.2%	10	3.1%	36	11.2%	7	2.2%	7	2.2%	8	2.5%

### **Post-Doctoral Appointments**

	Number of Total Number of						
Existing Institutions	Institutions Responding	Institutions that Offer Post- Doctoral Appointments	Post-Doctoral Appointments Available	Post-Doctoral Appointments Filled			
358	322	31	94	60			

#### Faculty Tables 36-40

## Table 36—Total Number of Academic and Clinical Faculty by Full-Time and Part-Time Employment Status

Employed	Academic Faculty	Clinical Faculty	Total
Full time	2,316	1,356	3,672
Part time	1,170	1,101	2,272
Total	3,486	2,457	5,943

Note: 322 of 358 (89.9%) institutions provided data.

# Table 37—Total Number of Full-Time Faculty with Research Doctoral Degrees by Area of Study

Research Doctoral Degree by Area of Study	Number of Full-Time Faculty
Audiology	335
Speech Language Pathology	1,308
Hearing Science	125
Speech/Language Science	274
Other	285
Total	2,327

Note: 320 of 358 (89.4%) institutions provided data.

#### Table 38—Total Number of Openings for Full-Time Faculty with Research Doctorates

Area of Study	Academic Year (2022-2023)		
Audiology	43		
Speech Language Pathology	231		
Hearing Sciences	9		
Speech/Language Sciences	23		
No Specific Area of Study	22		
Total	328		

Note: 315 of 358 (88.0%) institutions provided data.

#### Table 39— Total Searches for Faculty with Research Doctorates Conducted and Filled

			Filled with Faculty Who Hold			
Total Number of Searches Conducted	Total Number of Searches Filled	Percent of Searches Filled	Research Doctorate(s) in CSD		Research Doctorate(s) in Another Discipline	
282	176	62.4%	152	86.4%	10	5.7%

Note: 322 of 358 (89.9%) institutions provided data.

		Filled with Faculty Who Hold A			Filled with Fa	culty Hired		
Searc	Number of Searches Filled	Research Doctorate(s) in CSD	Research Doctorate(s) in Another Discipline	Clinical Doctorate(s) in CSD	Master's in CSD	Full-Time	Part-Time	Number of Searches Unfilled
Audiology	31	25	1	5	0	31	0	7
Speech-Language Pathology	114	99	5	3	7	113	1	74
Hearing Science	4	4	0	0	0	4	0	4
Speech/Language Sciences	19	19	0	0	0	19	0	6
No specific area of study	10	5	4	0	1	10	0	6
Total	178	152	10	8	8	177	1	97

#### Table 40— Number of Searches for Faculty with Research Doctorates and Positions Filled by Area of Study

Note: 322 of 358 (89.9%) institutions provided data